## NORTH COAST EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

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Subject: Scope of Practice/Procedure –ALS

**Activated Charcoal** 

Associated Policies: 5402, 5419, 5421, 6524

- I. Class
  - A. Absorbent.
- II. Indications
  - A. Acute management of many oral poisonings.
- III. Therapeutic Effects
  - A. Binds with drugs and chemicals within GI tract and decreases intestinal absorption in the overdose situation thereby preventing toxicity.
  - B. The poison and charcoal compound is then excreted from the body.
- IV. Contraindications
  - A. Absolute:
    - 1. Do not use Activated Charcoal with Sorbitol.
  - B. Relative:
    - 1. Decreasing level of consciousness unless intubated prior to administration.
    - 2. Ingestion or poisonings due to:
      - a. Cyanide.
      - b. Corrosives.
      - c. Petroleum distillates.
- V. Adverse Effects
  - A. Vomiting.
  - B. Constipation.
  - C. Black stools.
- VI. Administration and Dosage
  - A. Adult:
    - 1. 50 Gm of Activated Charcoal and water to form a slurry to facilitate delivery. Administer via PO, OG, or NG routes.
  - B. Pediatric:
    - 1. > 35 kg: 1 Gm/kg of Activated Charcoal and water to form a slurry to facilitate delivery. Administer via PO, OG, or NG routes.
    - 2. < 35 kg: 1 Gm/kg of Activated Charcoal premixed with water to form a slurry to facilitate delivery. Administer via PO, OG, or NG routes.

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## VII. Special Information

- A. Other medications will be absorbed by charcoal.
- B. Shake container vigorously for a minimum of thirty (30) seconds.
- C. Charcoal binds with the "volume" of toxic ingested. Even small amounts of charcoal successfully administered may be helpful to prevent a lethal ingestion. If quantity of ingestion is known, may consider formula of ten (10) times the ingested dose of toxin by weight for pediatric patients.

D. Will not bind with alcohol, heavy metal (e.g. iron, lead) or lithium.

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Approved as to Form:

Carpell